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Croatian journal success story: Annales Instituti Archaeologici / Prilozi Instituta za arheologiju u Zagrebu



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Overview

- application history
- structure of the AIA's and PIAZ's staff and costs
- AIA content history
- SCOPUS Minimum Criteria
- 2019 reviewer comments
- tips and additional valuable help
- cite score and ranking
- future

History

- 2008 both journals applied for Scopus evaluation:
 - Priloz Instituta za arheologiju u Zagrebu (PIAZ) passed the evaluation and was accepted
 - Annales Instituti Archaeologici (AIA) was rejected: "Although the publication has been examined with interest by our Journals' Advisory Committee, and there can be no doubt that your journal represents a valuable contribution in its field, our present coverage policy prevents us from acquiring further publications this year within this subject area. The title will be reevaluated for Scopus in 2009."
- 2019 both journals re-evaluated, PIAZ passed the evaluation, AIA asked to provide more information, passed the evaluation and was accepted

Structure of the AIA's staff and costs:

- editors, editorial board, editorial committee and reviewers work pro bono (in kind)
- **one member of the staff full time employed** for journal's layout (funds source: Ministry of Science and Education / public funds)
- Ianguage proofreading and translations payed to external experts (funds source: Ministry of Science and Education / public funds)
- no journal publishing costs (online only from 2013)
- no APC's
- open content (CC BY)
- 2005-present = 1 volume/year (WoS and Scopus 2019-present)

Structure of the PIAZ's staff and costs:

- editors, editorial board, editorial committee and reviewers work pro bono (in kind)
- one member of the staff full time employed for journal's layout (funds source: Ministry of Science and Education / public funds)
- language proofreading and translations payed to external experts (funds source: Ministry of Science and Education / public funds)
- journal publishing costs (funds source: Ministry of Science and Education / public funds)
- exchange of publications costs (funds source: Ministry of Science and Education / public funds)
- no APC's
- open content (CC BY)
- 1983-2020 = 1 volume/year; 2021- present = 2 volumes/year (WoS and Scopus)

AIA content history

2005-2019

- Croatian texts, short English summary, short reports on IARH's field work
- English alternative title, key words, figure captions and Summary from the start

2019/2020

- one double blind peer review per paper, broadening the published content

2021-

- two double blind peer-reviews per paper, preliminary reports, review papers, professional papers and short reports (no peer-review)
- change of journal's layout
- Croatian or English texts, extended English/Croatian Summary

SCOPUS Minimum Criteria:

- ✓ The Journal should consist of peer-reviewed content
- ✓ The Journal should be published on a regular basis (have an ISSN number that has been registered with the International ISSN Centre)
- Content should be relevant and readable for an international audience (at minimum have English language abstracts and article titles)
- The Journal should have a publication ethics and publication malpractice statement

Additionally, it is general policy that a journal needs to have <u>a publication</u> <u>history of at least two years</u> before it can be reviewed for Scopus coverage (Stage 2).

The reviewer comments (2019):

+ The journal consistently includes articles that are scientifically sound and relevant to an international academic or professional audience in this field.

+ The abstracts are in keeping with Scopus English Language requirements.

- Despite being published for quite some time, articles in this title have attracted **few citations** by other titles currently covered by Scopus.

+ In general, the content of the articles is consistent with the scope and aims of the journal.

+ The journal has clear aims and scope/journal policies that are consistent with the journal's content.

+ Peer review type is clearly stated and is supported by appropriate reviewer guidelines.

This is a well organised journal publishing material that is being cited, **althought citations are very low.** As the content is likely to interest scholars internationally it will be included in SCOPUS, **although the editors do need to take steps to raise the profile of the journal.**



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Hrčak



pdf document word document pdf document – the last issue pdf document

Status in HRČAK: active

ISSN 1845-4046 (Tisak) ISSN 1848-6363 (Online)

UDK: 902-904

Contact: INSTITUT ZA ARHEOLOGIJU / INSTITUTE OF ARCHAEOLOGY Jurjevska ulica 15 HR-10000 Zagreb Hrvatska / Croatia

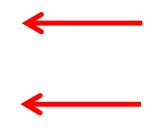
tel. 00 385 (0)1 6150250 fax 00 385 (0)1 6055806

Email: iarh@iarh.hr

URL: https://www.iarh.hr/hr/izdavastvo/periodika/

Publisher: Institute of arhaeology Jurjevska ulica 15, HR-10000 Zagreb iarh@iarh.hr

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←

Journal was founded in 2005 by Institute of Archaeology (Zagreb) and originally entitled Annales Instituti Archaeologici – AIA. Journal publishes results of the archaeological excavations and field surveys, certain professional topics and short reports. It is published once a year (one volume, one number). From vol. IX/2013 it is published in electronic form.

Peer review: peer review, equally national and international peer review, scientific and professional papers, double blind review, double

First year of publication: 2005.

Frequency (annually): 1

Scientific disciplines and subdisciplines: Archeology

Date added to HRČAK: 16.03.2006.

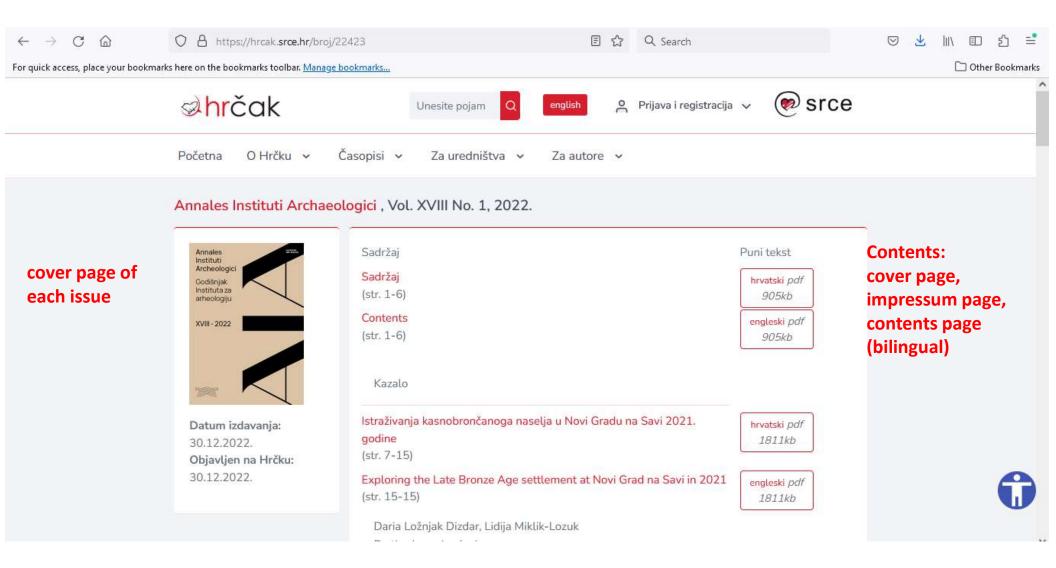
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bilingual metadata

Impressum: bilingual information

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Prijevod na engleski / English translation Marko Maras i autori

Lektura / Lanuage editor Katarina Botići autori (hrvatski jezik/Croatian) Marko Maras (engleski jezik/English) Nakladnik / Publisher Institut za Arheologiju Institute of Archaeology

Adresa uredništva / Editor's office address Institut za arheologiju / Institute of Archaeology Jurjevska ulica 15 HR-100-00 Zagreb tel 385 (0) 1 615 0250 fax 385 (0) 1 605 5806 e-mail: iah@iarh.hr web: http://www.jarh.hr

Dizajn / Design Umjetnička organizacija OAZA

Korektura / Proofreades Katarina Botić Ana Konestra Asja Tonc

Računalni slog / Layout Hrvoje Jambrek

Annales Instituti Archaeologiciukijučeni su uindekse Clarivate Analytics services – Emerging Sources Citation Index, SciVeres Scopus – Elsevier, Amstedm. / Annales In stituti Archaeologici are included in the indexes: Clarivate Analytics services – Emerging Sources Citation Index, SciVeres Scopus – Elsevier, Amsterdam.

Izradeno uz financijsku potporu Ministarstva znanosti i obrazovanja Republike Hrvatske. / Made with the financial support of the Ministry of Science and Education of the Republic of Crostia.

E-izdanja. Publikacija je dostupna u digitalnom obliku i otvorenom pristupu na https://hrcak.srce.hr/en/aia / E-edition. The publication is available in digital and open access form at https://hrcak.srce.hr/en /aia

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Key words: Roman rural settlement, coarse cooking ware, late antiquity,

The paper presents a preliminary typology of coarse cooking ware from the Roman/late antique lavers of the rural settlement at Podšilo bay on the island of Rab. The vessels have been associated with several basic shapes and divided bytypes, while fabrics have been described macroscopically. Analogies and a contextual analysis were used to propose dating and to assess provenience for well-known ware dasses or to define areas of circulation for those with a more regional distribution. By analyzing the distribution within the settlement, we propose a tentative conclusion on their use within the late st phase of frequentation, and an attempt at understanding the culinary practices and household use of the ware

Kijučne nječi Rimskaruralna naselja, gruba kuhinjska leramila, kasna antika, istočni Jačran

Prethodno priopćenje >

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Primijeno Received:05.07.2022. Prihvaćeno Accepted: 17.09.2022

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Antička arheologija

Preliminary report

Romanarchaeology

Bartosz Nowacki^a

Ana Konestra²

Fabian Welc¹

U radu se donosi preliminarna tipologija grube kuhiniske keramike iz rimskih/kasnoantičkih slojeva ruralnoga naselja u uvali Podšilo na otoku Rabu. Posude su interpretirane morfološki prema nekoliko osnovnih oblika i podi jeljene u tipove dok su keramičke strukture opisane na temelju makroskopskih opažanja. Analogije i kontekstualna analiza omogućile su prijedlog datacija te determinaci ju provenijenci je za keramičke klase šire distribucije odnosno definiciju distribucijskih zona za one regionalne cirkulaci je. Analizom distribucije po suda un utar samoga lo kaliteta donose se preliminarni zaključci o njihovom korište nju u zadnjoj fazi upot rebe prostora naselja, kao i kulinarskim praksama te kućanskoj upo trebi ovoga po suda.

B. NOWACKI ET AL, PRELIMINARINA TIPOLO GUA IKONTEKST UALNA ANALIZA RIMSKO GA IKASNOANTIČKOG AKUH NJSKO POSUĐAIZ ANTIČKOGA RURALNOG NASELJA U UVALI PODŠILONA OTOKU RABU (SJEVEROISTOČNI JADRAN, HRVATSKA)

Introduction

As ascertained by recent multidisciplinary research (most recently in Konestra et al. 2020; Welc et al. 2019), the island of Rab (Kvarner Gulf, north-eastern Adriatic) was dotted by a number of rural productive-residential settlements in antiquity (tentatively villae), which developed both on its fertile fields and along the coast (Lipovac Vrkljan et al. 2017; Welc et al. 2019: Fig. 4; Konestra et al. 2021a: Fig. 2; Konestra et al. 2021b; see also Jurković, Turković 2019). Since 2016, research activities have been carried out at one such site, in Podšilo bay, on the Lopar Peninsula, in the northern part of the island (Fig. 1). The site was identified upon the discovery of a Roman ceramic kiln on the northern shore of the bay (Lipovac Vrkljan, Šiljeg 2010). Subsequently, reconnaissance of the severely eroded terraces in the hinterlandof the bay identified numerous zones with pottery scatter and accumulations of alloch thonous limestone semi-dressed blocks, in the form of cairns and drystone boundary walls, all hinting at the presence of a larger site. Since 2016, multidisciplinary geoarchaeological research allowed first to identify several zones with buried architectural remains and another kiln (Welc et al. 2017; 2019; Welc 2018), and then, thanks to targeted trial trenching, to better define two of these complexes located in the areas locally known as Podkućine and Beli Grad, respectively (Fig.1). Combining the results of geophysical (GPR and magnetic) prospection and small-scale excavations, the structure at Podkućine was defined as a utili tarian building, ancillary to the larger settlement and possibly used for storage or some sort of production

activity (Fig. 2) (Konestra et al. 2019). On the other hand, the larger and more articulated complex at Beli Grad seems to have been the central residential and productive building of the settlement (or estate). Here, structures are laid around an open space, possibly a courtyard, developing into wings with multiple rooms. So far, the eastern most part of the complex has been excavated, revealing shallow stratigraphyanda small vator basin of a yet undetermined function (Konestra et al. 2020: 233-237). Another trench, dug in a more central position in 2021, provided ample data on the architecture and phasing of the complex. In fact, walls here are partly preserved up to ca.1m of height, while post-holes and a hearth laid above a defunctionalized mortar pavement are indicative of a late phase of settling within the probably already ruined building (Fig. 2). The layers in question might be interpreted as aband onment and walking surface lavers, the latter in phase with both the post-holes and the described hearth. A similar situation was also documented at Podkućine, where post-holes and a large refuse nit (Konestraet al. 2019: 188-190) indicate that this a too was subsequently used for habitation (Fig.

Other finds recovered from these late lay tentativelydatedtothe 5th and 6th c. AD, include avai assemblage of coarse cooking wares accounting a minimum number (MNI) of 41 individuals. The were the basis for a preliminary typology which mi aid to date more precisely the last occupatio phase, identify household activities and cook habits, and determine regional connectivity a exchange patterns. Among the cooking war there stands out a series of probably resid sherds which will also be considered, as they prov

author's affiliations. **ORCID's**

 \succ information about authors, title, journal, issue, pages paper category extended Summary in

a different language

i funkcije posuda te detalinu makroskopsku analiz I hunk oje posuda te detalnju makroskopsku analizu I karamički strukturu. Materija je podijejen prema funkcionalrim oblicima i soraci i dra, kaserdef tave piski je pisko je obsoljeni občiernijesne do finicije. Loncima pripada 27 posuda (24 obda i ti na) koje čine gotvo 66 % posuda, što je tipično za kasnoen tičke lokali tete. Može se pretpostaviti da je večina lonaca imala ravno dno. 12 posuda iz ove

skupine ima urezani ukrasili obradu površine, najčešći (sedam posuda) u obliku tankih, horizon talnih, para lelnih žijebovan aramenu. Dvijeposudeimaju valovitu traku (višelinija) male amplitudei velikogaod stupanja urezanu naramenu pomoću predmeta s više vrhova

z sjevernoafričkih radionica (možda kao rezidualni nalazi?) (Hayes 23B - Culinaire type 1, Hayes form 197 - Culinaire type 10 te možda Late Roman Cooking pot 1) (Hayes 1972; Bonifay 2004).

avilnim, konkavnim i izvan a zadeblian ir rubom, dok je treći sa zade blianim rubom i promi od 34 cm tepripada afričkom kuhinjskom posuđu, tipu Haye s 196 - Culinaire C /A type 11.

dnom - ukazuje na kuhanje na otvorenom ognjištu a toti – ukazuje na kunanje na otvorenom ogrijsku, štoti mogaopot vrditi najezmanjeg ognjištu uskopu istraživanja na položaju Beli Grad, a koje bi moglo upučivati ne samo na promjeru u načiru kuhanja u odnosu na mnja antička razdoblja, već lu organizaciji kuhinjskih prostora, kojise sadakoriste i kao zajedniči prostori okupjanja obo vatre.

anotistino stapianja oko vatre. Najabia vari ologi jaroma iz uzina ele fordilo su posudo iz ajeverne tibije, posebia s područja do k manne i Aktelje, ordisljanska područja tela Sovnije, liste i Kameristkog zaljeva (njur. Berbraner 1997). Orach 1996; Rinkur 2010, Možijar Miknez 2011, etopi bolge, Rinkur 2010, Možijar 2010, Bolge Si C. A. T. H. A. K. Furlici 1984, i HZ-BR, Fig. 70, C. A. T. M.A. 1991, S. Fig. 171, Najbolge nanlogi poz sabolge za ujebia za fisibili 2010, 627, PT 1 + 4, Gredi mikolje i uzivalnu od skala uzi zaroban od 4, do 7.

Fig. 1Location of Podšilobay on Rab Island (left); locations of tenches at Podkućine (PK) and Beli Grad (BG) (right) (mede by: A. Konestra; base m

C exitan State Goods tic Administration and the institute for Physic al Perming of Princip- Gonski Kotar Courty) SL n Nolidaj anak Podiki na obia falan (ijeox pokaj jisodi na Podkacinama (PA) Tekom Gradu (BG)(desao) (Izradila A. Konestra; podloge: Država godeška uprava. Jana uzikano 22 avda za presto mo planima (Princosko-gonza) ke ituanji

Sažetak

waeVrkljan, G., Konestra, A. 2017, An Attemp

Wels, F., Machanaman, and Coophysical Methods o Integration of Different Geophysical Methods (Case Study From the Late Roman Settleme Case Study From the Late Roman Settleme Androić Gračanin, P., Rablega, K. sightin to lateRomannur al settlemen

urezanu na ramenu pomocu predmeta s vise vrhova (čedar)7. Julijovazudenarameni umjauturasu oblaku dvaju valovitih traka. U vediri slučajeva posude su odkovane nachrakomkotu, a podeno su uraždičnu vujetma – najdožće u redukcijskoj atmosferi. Važnu služnu činekazende na rako ja su uraži 4. – podetkom 5. stoljeća zamijerile niske tava entičke tradicije. Zajelo na obličnim e djenomi rastjerostima-jerosti logi karaktimizim uvijeri nib petsufinisu importi i selavernosti fika hardinora (modra kano razi viduni

pot 1) (Hayes 1972; Bontray 2004). Osim posuda zatvorenoga oblika izdvajaju se pladanj za pečenje, tzv. pekač. lulomci peka, koje su također tipične u kasnoantičkojkuhinjskoj keramici. Dosad su izdvojena samo triulomka poklopaca. Dva su

Hayes 196 – Culinaire C/A type 11. Velika većina posuda, osim očitoga medi teran-skog importa, izrađena je od slične keramičke struk-ture s namjerno dodavanim drobljenim kalcitom il vapnencem, a unutar koje su makroskopskom anal-izom razlučna i sitna crvenkasta znca. Poroznostje niska ili vrlo niska, a keramički materijal je uglavno Oblik Ionaca i dviju kaserola - sve s ravnir

Prema rezultat imarecen tnih multidisciplinarnih istraživanja (posljednje u Konestra et al. 2020; Welc et al. 2019) rumini sukrapici otkaPabu un titolibilikan-kteri zirani brojnim gosp odarsko-stambenim komplek-sima (uvjetno vliama) koji su se smjesti li Kako unu tar nggovih plodnih polja tako ju zo baku. Od2016. go dine

njegovinjedovinjedo je takoju uzobalu. Od2016. godine istraži vanja se provodena jedorna ti kornicka ilito tu una IP odda, zahra Jugo d gostnete odčina i instažavnijma odda, zahra Jugo d gostnete odčina i instažavnijma nati i dotinrati dva ahrtaktor ska aktopa anještena uzakodu uvaka postručjena jedova jedova jedova Podlacilne IBeli Grad. Objekt v Podlucijnama mogao blece drimini tako utili karivo Jekti v Dotučinama mogao blece drimini tako i instažilo najme jedova jedova jedova davla slogo), ave di raždanjeni ji kompi eksa na Baldom Gostu mogao bla si kariti i pasti koso di jedo baldomi

Gradu mogao bise identificiatika os exidên jatamberi i prozevedno elyek in avaleja (konset harda za 2015/2020). Stratigrafa o baju i ompeki sa upudije na vitebazro konset i prozekta prozekta prozekta prozekta prozekta Unate konsetna objeva u urgen ordatiranih u za urgenta prozekta prozekta prozekta prozekta posuda (k.). Ti su unala do mogurali deinici ju pretimi-name ti pologije kaja može pomoci u precizinjem datiranju posljednje tazo naseljavanje, u trvdivanju datratna ju posljednje tazo naseljavanje, u trvdivanju datiranju posljednje tazo naseljavanje, u trvdivanju datiranju posljednje tazo naseljavanje u trvdivanju kozinskih utrvijati koja može pomoci u precizinjem datiranju posljednje tazo naseljavanje u trvdivanju kozinskih utrvijati koja ostalje posljednje tazo za beneji koja precisiona prozekta precisiona precisi regionalnepovezanosti i obrazaca razmiene. Obrada analogije upućuju na dataciju u rasponu od 4. do keramičkoga posuda uključila je analizu morfologi je stoljeća, ponekad preciznije urazdoblje5. -6. stoljeća

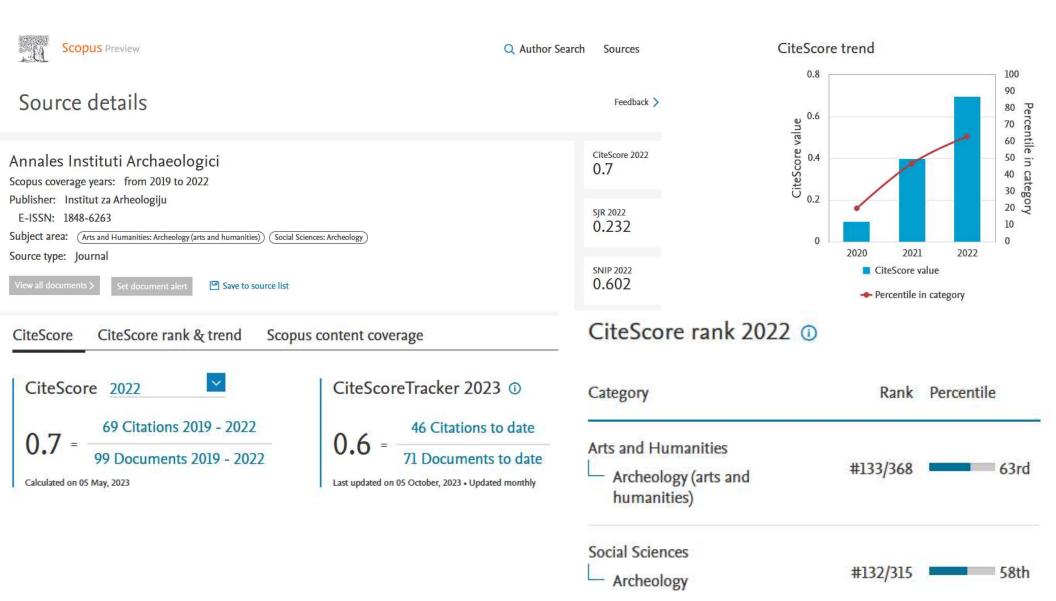


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40	Croatian Operational Research Review 👌	journal	0.250 Q3	9	17	66	475	71	66	0.92	27.94	
41	Metalurgija 👌	journal	0.250 Q3	33	154	343	1616	229	339	0.68	10.49	
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- from open content to open access
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