

How do I get my journal indexed in the Scopus database?

15 May 2024

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### Who you learn with?

**Alison Ferrett** is a Research Intelligence Customer Success Manager, supporting customers on the responsible use of Elsevier's research intelligence solutions.

Prior to this, Alison spent 14 years at the University of Plymouth, working in the research environment. She worked for the last five years as a Research Information Officer responsible for systems implementation and management.

She was successful in rolling out and promoting systems including SciVal to support the University's research strategy. Alison also worked as a research assistant with a team of researchers working on women's health.





## Agenda

- 1. Scopus-introduction
- 2. Scopus evaluation process and criteria
- 3. Re-evaluation
- 4. Pre-evaluation service
- 5. Q&A

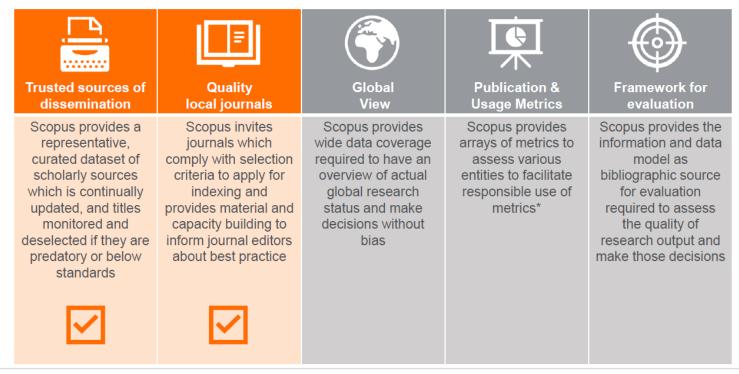


## Scopus - introduction



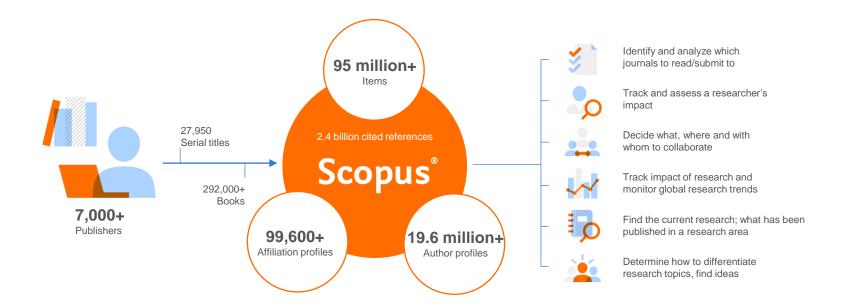


### You need quality content and Scopus delivers





## Scopus uniquely combines a comprehensive, curated abstract and citation database with enriched data and linked scholarly content.



Quickly find relevant and trusted research, identify experts, and access reliable data, metrics and analytical tools to support confident decisions around research strategy – all from one database and one subscription.

## Scopus Coverage Summary

#### Global representation means global discovery across all subjects and content types

95.2M+ records from 29.2K+ serials, 158K+ conferences and 336K+ books

from more than **7,000** publishers in **105** countries

- Updated daily—13,000+ new articles per day indexed
- 23.4M+ open access documents
- "Articles in Press" from >8,740 titles
- 2.11M+ preprints from multiple preprint servers
- 7,115 active Gold Open Access journals indexed

Number of journals by subject area**	Journals	Conferences	Books
Physical sciences 15,151	28,153* active peer-reviewed journals	158K conference events	<b>74.3K</b> individual book series volumes
	7,115 Gold OA Journals	12.1M+ conference	<b>330K+</b> stand-alone books
Health sciences	(DOAJ/ROAD)	papers	
14,940	<b>21.1M</b> fully-indexed funding acknowledgements	12.9% of database items	2.89M total book items
Social sciences and humanities 15,446	2.03M preprints		
	<ul> <li>Full metadata, abstracts and cited references (refs post-1970 only)</li> </ul>	Mainly Engineering and Computer Sciences	Focus on Social Sciences and A&H
Life sciences 8,094	Citations back to 1970		

<sup>\*</sup>Journals may be classified in multiple subject areas: this count includes current actively indexed titles only

<sup>\*\*</sup>These counts include both active and inactive titles; total number of Scopus journals in database including inactive titles is 43,400

### Scopus helps to:

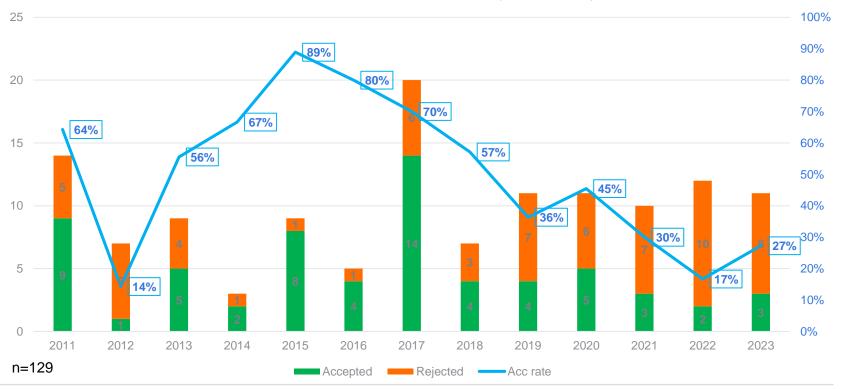
- Increase the visibility of your publication(s)
- Give you access to a global audience of researchers and experts for peer review programs
- Track the performance of your publication(s)
- Monitor competitive publications



Title review results from top 45 countries/regions with most titles reviewed (2011-2023) In total, 21,765 titles were reviewed by the CSAB of which 11,568 (53%) accepted. For Croatia (32<sup>nd</sup> place), 129 titles were reviewed of which 65 (50%) accepted



#### Title review results for Croatia (2011-2023)





# Scopus evaluation process and criteria





### Scopus mandate and authority



## Scopus is committed to creating a representative, curated dataset of scholarly content:

- Overall journal selection based on journal-level data and performance
- Monitoring and deselection of <u>titles</u> that are <u>predatory</u> or <u>below standards</u>



#### Scopus cannot interfere with editorial autonomy of journals:

- Editorial decisions on quality of individual articles and conferences
- (Scientific) content of the articles and abstracts included in the database
- Plagiarism and other publication malpractice of individual articles
- Authorship of the paper



Note: If publication malpractice is occurring knowingly and on a structural basis without policy to address and prevent such cases, Scopus will flag, re-evaluate and potentially discontinue titles

## Expert Curated content selection by the independent Content Selection & Advisory Board (CSAB)



> Titles on Scopus are rigorously reviewed and selected by an independent board of subject matter experts to include 52% of the world's peer-reviewed scholarly literature.

\* Source: Ulrich's Web Global Serials Directory, February 15, 2019

- The CSAB is an independent board of subject experts from all over the world
- Comprised of 17 Subject Chairs
- Board members are chosen for their expertise in specific subject areas; many have (journal) Editor experience.
- Year round, the board members are responsible for reviewing all titles that are suggested to Scopus.



### Transparent Scopus selection criteria for serial content

1) All titles should meet all technical criteria in order to be considered for Scopus review:

**Peer-review** 

English title, abstract, keywords

**Regular publication** 

Roman script references

Publication ethics statement

2) Eligible titles are reviewed by the CSAB according to 14 selection criteria in 5 categories:

**Journal Policy** 

**Quality of Content** 

**Journal Standing** 

Regularity

**Online Availability** 

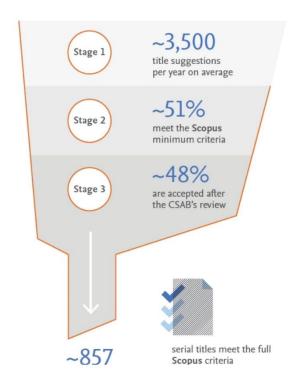




# Scopus

# Strict quality & ethics selection criteria

The Scopus title selection criteria – our set of clear and transparent guidelines, in combination with reviews by our independent CSAB – ensure the quality of titles indexed meets consistently high standards.





## Journal journey

Title suggestion Title validation Title enrichment Review and decision Communication Not accepted for review feedback letter Scopus° Preselection by Minimum criteria feedback local board M **\*\*\*** Publisher Confirmation Tracking ID Minimum to suggestor criteria not met Editor-in-chief or managing editor Feedback to Title Newly Release to Scopus Scopus Title Subject Chair suggestor and minimum CSAB for suggested minimum Suggestion enrichment review publisher Form title criteria check criteria met review Editorial board member Suggested by Librarian / other Librarian / other Local board External Publisher enrichment form review No response Optional Default Not accepted for review feedback letter



### To be considered for review, all journal titles should meet all of these minimum criteria:

#### 1) All titles should meet all technical criteria in order to be considered for Scopus review:

#### **Peer-review**

Consist of peerreviewed content and have a publicly available description of the peer review process.

Peer review is defined as obtaining advice on individual manuscripts from reviewers expert in the field who are not part of the journal's editorial staff.

## English title, abstract, keywords

Have content that is relevant for and readable by an international audience, meaning: English language title, abstracts, keywords and authors' affiliations for all articles is a mandatory requirement. As well as authors in Roman script.

#### **Regular publication**

Be published on a regular basis and have an International Standard Serial Number (ISSN) as registered with the ISSN International Centre.

## Roman script references

Bibliographic references are important part of a publication. For non-Roman script language journals hoping to be indexed in Scopus and aiming at broader global readership and higher impact, it is highly recommended those journals offer translated (or transliterated) references together with the references in original languages.

## Publication ethics statement

Have a publicly available publication ethics and publication malpractice statement. Such a statement should clearly indicate the scope of responsibilities and rights of editors, reviewers and authors, as well as describe the consequences which may be drawn if misconduct is detected.



#### **CSAB** evaluation

#### 2) Eligible titles are reviewed by the CSAB according to 14 selection criteria:

Journal Policy	Quality of Content	Journal Standing	Regularity	Online Availability
<ul> <li>Convincing editorial concept/policy</li> <li>Type of peer-review</li> <li>Diversity geographic distribution of editors</li> <li>Diversity geographic distribution of authors</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Academic contribution to the field</li> <li>Clarity of abstracts</li> <li>Quality and conformity with stated aims &amp; scope</li> <li>Readability of articles</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Citedness of journal articles in Scopus</li> <li>Editor standing</li> </ul>	No delays or interruptions in the publication schedule	<ul> <li>Content available online</li> <li>English-language journal home page</li> <li>Quality of home page</li> </ul>



## Before suggesting a serial title:

- Check the current Scopus title lists to be sure it's not already indexed:
   Journals list
- Read the board's statement: <u>A General Introduction to Scopus and the</u>
   Work of the Content Selection & Advisory Board
- Review the selection criteria and do self-evaluation with www.readyforscopus.com
- Read the <u>FAQs for the Content selection process</u>
- Review the CSAB's suggestions on the Role of an Editor
- Then use the <u>Scopus Title Suggestion Form</u>





# Academic contribution to the field: do you know your subject area and competitors?

- Research area terminology, key words, research topics
- Subject area and subcategories All Science Journal Classification (ASJC)
- Duration and frequency of publications e.g. *Philosophical Transactions* is published since 1665, while journals in Nuclear Medicine are rather "young"
- Business model Subscribed, Open Access, APC Yes / No
- Publishing format part of big publisher portfolio or Standalone journal
- Audience geography, applied or fundamental focus ...
- Published document types Review, Article, Case study, Data paper, ...
- Rules for authors can submit anyone (Open submission) or membership ...
- What is your niche?

Select 5-10 Scopus journals, similar to yours (by research topics, by geographical diversity, level of authors etc), and look at these suggestions



## Suggestion form

### https://suggestor.step.scopus.com/suggestTitle/step1.cfm

Scopus

TITLE SUGGESTION

Start new suggestion Help F.A.Q.

#### 1. Agreement

- 2. Before completing the form
- 3. Contact information
- 4. Serial title information
- 5. Document upload
- 6. Additional information
- 7. Submit

#### Step 1 - Agreement

#### Thank you for your interest in Scopus.

- •Please read our minimum criteria below carefully and be sure that the title you are suggesting for Scopus meets all of them.
- •If you are not the publisher of this title, we recommend that you contact the publisher of the title and request that they complete the suggestion form.
- •You can save a draft of the suggestion for at any time and return to your application later (click on 'Save draft'). Please note that your \* application will be saved for 7 days.

To read how Elsevier uses, collects and shares personal data, please read the Elsevier Privacy Policy

#### Titles will only be considered for evaluation if they meet the following minimum criteria:

- •The title should publish peer reviewed content.
- •The title should be published on a regular basis (i.e. have an ISSN confirmed by the ISSN International Centre). To register an ISSN, please visit this page.
- •The title should have English language abstracts and article titles.
- •The title should have a publication ethics and publication malpractice statement in the English language on its website.

To read how Elsevier uses, collects and shares personal data, please read the Elsevier Privacy Policy.

#### Agreement

I am aware of the general guidelines that Scopus uses to select titles

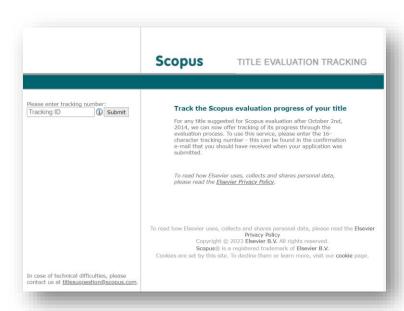


#### After submission

- Upon completion, an automatic confirmation e-mail will be sent to applicant's email address with Tracking ID number to track evaluation process <a href="https://example.com/here/here/">here</a>
- In general, serial titles will be evaluated within 6 months. If after 6 months no final decision has been made yet – contact <u>titlesuggestion@scopus.com</u>, using title and ISSN in subject field

#### In case of positive decision:

- Within 1 month after accepting the serial title, the permission holder (usually the publisher) will receive a message with request to sign in Permission Form (technical details of content collection). If no such Permission was received within 1 month – contact bdscm@elsevier.com
- The first indexed articles should appear in Scopus within 3 months after signing the Permission form (Hint: Articles can be found in Scopus through a search by using the journal's title name or ISSN). If articles couldn't be found in Scopus within 3 months after signing the Permission Form please contact: bd-scm@elsevier.com



### After submission (2)

#### In case of negative decision

Scopus will provide you with feedback and comments on how to improve and an embargo date. You can submit your title again after the embargo period has expired. Please note that you will be required to upload a cover letter, explaining how the comments from the previous review round have been addressed.

#### Adding to Source Browse Title List

- Newly accepted titles will be added to the 'Accepted titles' sheet in Source Title List on a monthly basis
- The main Scopus Source Title list is updated twice per year: in spring and autumn
- Depending on whether the serial title has been fully profiled in Scopus, it will be added to the main Scopus Title list.



### Indexing in Scopus

- Usually the ongoing indexing of content takes from 3 weeks to 2 months from the moment when content
  appears online at publisher's website to the moment when it appears in Scopus (depending on content
  quality and options to provide content in signed Permission form).
- Set Scopus search alert (see: <u>How do I create and manage my Alerts?</u>) on newly added articles from your title to track timely indexing
- If you've noticed delay with your title's content indexing in Scopus, please, fill in <u>form</u> or contact: Scopus Support (ELS) <u>ScopusSupport@elsevier.com</u>
- Set Scopus citation alert (see: <u>How do I create and manage my Alerts?</u>) on your title's articles citing. It will help to monitor your title's content citing and track impact of your title.
- Track your title's impact progress by monitoring your journal metrics, including monthly updated CiteScore Tracker (see: <u>CiteScore and CiteScore Tracker</u>).
- If you find incorrect information in your title's documents in Scopus or missed documents, please, submit request on correction via <u>form</u> or contact Scopus Support (ELS) <u>ScopusSupport@elsevier.com</u>.
- If there's the necessity to change the serial title's name or ISSN, or Publisher, or subject areas, please, fill in the <u>form</u> or contact Scopus Support (ELS) <u>ScopusSupport@elsevier.com</u> and provide eligible evidences of required changes (e.g. already done corrections in ISSN Center, link at publisher's website). Scopus team will check provided information and requested changes. Please, note: all correction regarding to source title, ISSN, publisher, subject areas and source's website are updated twice a year (in spring and autumn).



## Re-evaluation





## Identifying potential poor quality or predatory journals

All +29k journals in Scopus are monitored, titles can be flagged for in-depth reevaluation in different ways:

Based on our own observation or direct feedback from users and stakeholder's **publication concerns** about the publishing standards or publication ethics of the journal or publisher are investigated. If the concerns are warranted, these journals are flagged for re-evaluation (continuous process). *Journals that are flagged because of publication concerns will be put on hold during the review process.* 

Metrics and benchmarks for publication output, citation impact, self-citations and usage of documents on Scopus.com, are used to identify journals that are **underperforming** compared to peer journals in their field. These underperforming journals are flagged for re-evaluation (once per year).

A machine learning tool analyzes the performance of journals according to aspects like output growth, changes in author affiliation, citation behavior, etc. to track **outlier performance** (='RADAR') Journals that show outlier performance are flagged for re-evaluation (frequency: every 3 months).

During their review, the CSAB can indicate whether any accepted title should be evaluated again in the future. This data is collected and further analyzed to ensure **continuous curation**. The most relevant titles are flagged for re-evaluation.

# What happens with journals for which the decision is made to discontinue?

- The publisher is informed of the decision by the Scopus team.
- No new content is added to Scopus, all titles that are flagged for re-evaluation are being put "on-hold" during the re-evaluation process
- Content already indexed remains as a matter of scientific record and to ensure stability and consistency of research trend analytics.
- In exceptional cases of proven severe unethical publication practice, content already indexed in Scopus may be removed.
- CiteScore will not be given for discontinued titles.
- For all of journals for the CSAB decides to discontinue coverage, the "on-hold" date is used to determine the cut-off and the last content indexed.
- Discontinued titles will only be considered for evaluation again 5 years after the discontinuation decision was made.

#### Where to find information about discontinued titles?

1. Monthly list can be found on the Scopus Content webpage(scroll to the bottom of the

page)

#### Titles on Scopus

Content types included on Scopus are either serial publications that have an ISSN (International Standard Serial Number), such as journals, book series and conference series, or non-serial publications that have an ISBN (International Standard Book Number), such as monographs or one-off conference materials. To check if a title is on 

- Download the Book title list ±

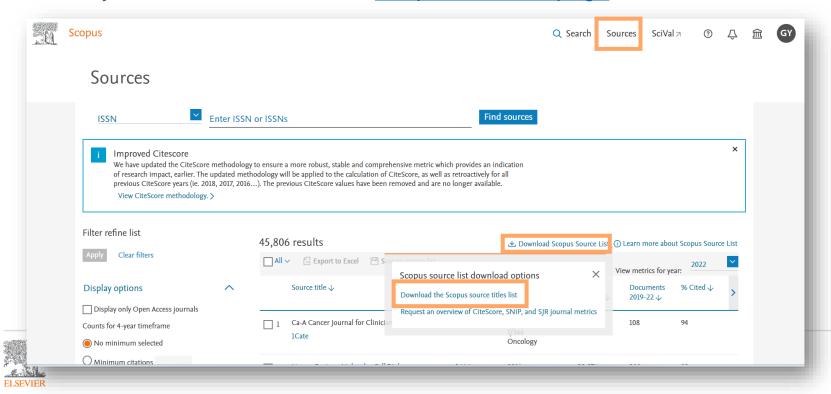
Simply click to download the Excel file, and then select the tab called "Discontinued" Titles".



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#### Where to find information about discontinued titles?

2. Monthly list can be found on the Scopus Sources page.



## Additional sources





#### Useful links

- Position statement by Scopus and the CSAB on the importance of highquality content
- Scopus evaluation and re-evaluation process and criteria
- COPE principles of transparency and best practice in scholarly publishing
- Scopus content coverage guide



## Central and Eastern Europe Customer Hub













Home > Hubs > Central and Eastern Europe Customer Hub

#### Central and Eastern Europe Customer Hub

To support academic and research-focused professionals, the Central and Eastern Europe Customer Hub features a calendar of upcoming live presentations and a library of on-demand webinars, ranging in topics from ScienceDirect search tips to assessing research impacts on society.



Country pages

Upcoming webinars

Recorded webinars

Meet the team

#### Recorded webinars (conducted in English)

- Predatory journals and how to avoid them ¬
- Scopus, SciVal & Rankings what is good to know ¬
- Purpose in Scientific Publishing
- Traveling the meandering paths of advanced searches in Scopus and ScienceDirect 7
- Straight to the point! Scopus and ScienceDirect resources for the holiday season
- Full text or abstract database: Find out what Scopus and ScienceDirect are all about 7
- Effective literature searching on Scopus and ScienceDirect オ
- ScienceDirect: Knowledge at your fingertips ¬
- Best Practices for Publishing in Highly Selective Journals ¬
- How to Publish an Ebook ス
- 10 Things You Need to Know About Open Access and Transformative Agreements 7
- Chemistry Research in SDGs with Reaxys
- How to Identify Relevant Topics and Journals with Scopus and SciVal ス
- Importance of Research Data Management →
- Literature Review with Scopus and SciVal ス



## **Questions and Answers**







# Thank you

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